Chapter 9

Therapeutic Recreation Practice

Evidence-Based Toward
Confrontation of Evidence-Based Practice

What Is Evidence-Based Practice?
Extraction

The purpose of the research is to provide a framework for extracting knowledge from information. The study explores how information can be represented and manipulated as a form of knowledge. The research also examines the relationship between information and knowledge, and how these concepts can be used to support decision-making processes.

The information framework includes the following components:

- Information: The raw data or facts that are processed to extract knowledge.
- Extraction: The process of identifying patterns, trends, or relationships in information to create knowledge.
- Knowledge: The structured information that is relevant and useful to the user.
- Assimilation: The process of integrating knowledge into existing knowledge structures.
- Evaluation: The process of assessing the quality and usefulness of information and knowledge.

The framework is designed to support decision-making processes by providing a systematic approach to extracting knowledge from information.

Evaluation

The evaluation process involves assessing the effectiveness of the knowledge extraction framework. Key performance indicators (KPIs) include:

- Accuracy: The degree to which the extracted knowledge is correct and relevant.
- Relevance: The degree to which the extracted knowledge is useful for the user.
- Efficiency: The time and resources required to extract knowledge.
- Usability: The ease of use and accessibility of the knowledge extracted.

The evaluation process is critical to ensure that the knowledge extraction framework is effective and meets the needs of the user.

Knowledge

The primary focus of the research is to develop a framework for extracting knowledge from information. The framework is designed to support decision-making processes by providing a systematic approach to extracting knowledge.

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The strength of research evidence

model evidence is used in health promotion strategies to enhance the credibility of health promotion programs. This model evidence is used in health promotion strategies to enhance the credibility of health promotion programs.