



HIST 261 ANCIENT GREECE AND ROME

Discover the ancient Mediterranean world with a focus on the history of Greece and Rome, from the late Bronze Age to Late Antiquity.



Learn about the political, social, and economic developments of the ancient Mediterranean world, which in turn gave rise to shifts in intellectual, artistic, and religious thought and practice.

Study in depth the development of the Greek polis, Athenian radical democracy, the conquests of Alexander, the institutions of the Roman Republic, the rise of the Roman Principate, and the birth of Christianity.

PROF. YOUNG KIM

SPRING

HIST 263 Medieval and Renaissance Europe 1000-1500



One of the most formative periods in the development of European culture and institutions, when strong monarchies emerged out of feudalism and a new religious vitality transformed Christian spirituality.

Trace these impulses through the rise of schools and universities, the Crusades, and the role of the papacy as a unifying political force in Western Christendom.

Conclude with the late-medieval economic and demographic crisis and the break-up of the medieval worldview in Renaissance Italy.

Prof. Frans van Lieke

Spring 2012

Study the history of China and Japan, but also of Korea from 1800 to the present.

Grasp the essentials of the patterns of East Asian societies on the eve of the modern period.

Then gain an appreciation of the travails of modernity in all three countries as they were transformed from traditional societies to modern nation-states.

Gain an appreciation of the inter-relatedness of the East Asian nations' histories in the past 100 to 150 years.



HIST 246

East Asia Since 1800

Prof. Daniel Bays

Spring 2012



Examine the emergence of the United States from the revolutionary era through Reconstruction, tracing the challenges that faced its citizens in building and preserving a national union.

HIST 252 American Republic 1763-1877

Study the period of Independence and Federalism, Jeffersonian and Jacksonian politics, westward expansion, slavery and sectionalism, the Civil War and Reconstruction, and post-War expansion.



Prof. William Van Vugt

IDIS 240

Introduction to Archaeology



This classroom introduction to archaeology is designed to introduce you to the theoretical concepts of archaeology, participation in field work, and critical reading of archaeological reports in both the old world and new world archaeology.

Topics include archaeological theory, field work methods, artifact processing, and data interpretation.



For a complete list, go to www.calvin.edu/academic/history

Prof. Bert de Vries

Fall 2011